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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

YaraVita CROPLIFT

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : YaraVita CROPLIFT  
**Product type** : Solid (Powder.)  
**Product code** : PYP89W  
**Uses**  
**Area of application** : Professional applications, Industrial applications  
**Material uses** : Fertilizers.

### Supplier

**Supplier's details** : Yara Fertilizers (New Zealand) Limited

### Address

**Street** : 4/211 Heretaunga Street East  
**Postal code** : 4122  
**City** : Hastings  
**Country** : New Zealand

### P.O. Box Address

**P.O. Box** : 8746  
**Postal code** : 4157  
**City** : Hastings  
**Country** : New Zealand

**Telephone number** : +64 6 877 6600  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : nz.enquiries@yara.com  
**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : +64 9929 1483 (7/24)

### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Name** : New Zealand National Poisons Centre  
**Telephone number** : 0800 POISON = 0800 764 766 (NZ only) / +64 3 479 7248 (outside NZ)  
**Hours of operation** : 24h

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**HSNO Classification** : TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

**Response** : P308 IF exposed or concerned:  
P313 Get medical attention.

**Disposal** : P501 Dispose of contents and container according to local regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

**Additional information** : None.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
potassium nitrate	>= 15 - < 20	7757-79-1
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)	>= 1 - < 2	14025-15-1
disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	>= 0.1 - < 0.2	12280-03-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**Remark** : This product contains Boron (see section 7 and 11).

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get

- medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

### **Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

#### **Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### **Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use flooding quantities of water for extinction.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do NOT use chemical extinguisher or foam or attempt to smother the fire with steam or sand.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides, ammonia, Avoid breathing dusts, vapors or fumes from burning materials., In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
- Hazchem or Emergency Action Code** : Not available.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** : Non-explosive.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep.

Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Not for human or animal consumption.

- Precautions for safe handling** :
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. As a precaution, keep exposure as low as possible for pregnant women, children and workers in reproductive age. Avoid dust generation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.
- Protective measures** :
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. As a precaution, keep exposure as low as possible for pregnant women, children and workers in reproductive age. Avoid dust generation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general** :
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas

**occupational hygiene**

where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Specific recommendations to end users**

- : Do not generate and inhale liquid fertilizer aerosols.
- In addition to overalls, gloves and eye protection, use of efficient respiratory protection (P2/P3 respirators with a tight face seal) during discharge of fertilizer bags and maintenance of equipment is recommended to minimize inhalation exposure and to ensure safe-use during this activity (see section 8).

Risk assessments show safe use during normal spreading of fertilizers containing below 5% of boron by tractor (liquid or granular) and backpack (liquid).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)(copper and its inorganic compounds as Cu)	<b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (2020-11-01). Skin sensitizer.</b> TWA 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Cu) Form: Respirable dust

**Appropriate engineering controls**

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls**

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to

acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

- : A washing facility or water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

#### Eye/face protection

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

**Recommended:** Tightly-fitting goggles, Europe:, CEN: EN166,

### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm. It should be emphasized that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.

#### Body protection

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

#### Other skin protection

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

- : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Use respiratory protection with more than 94% efficiency (P2, P3 or N95) and a tight face seal, when risk of exposure to dust.

Personal protective equipment  
(Pictograms)



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	: Solid [Powder.]
<b>Color</b>	: Blue.,
<b>Odor</b>	: Odorless.
<b>pH</b>	: 4.6 [Conc. (% w/w): 5 g/l ]

**Melting point/freezing point** : 134 °C (273 °F)

**Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not applicable.

**Flash point** : Not applicable.

**Flammability** : Non-flammable.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : **Lower:** Not applicable.  
**Upper:** Not applicable.

**Vapor pressure** : Not applicable.

**Relative vapor density** : Not applicable.

**Bulk density** : 1,180 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Solubility(ies)** : 50 g/l

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.

**Viscosity** : **Kinematic:** Not applicable.

**Explosive properties** : Non-explosive.

**Oxidizing properties** : Non-oxidizer.

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : < 1.25 mm

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid contamination by any source including metals, dust and organic materials.



**Incompatible materials** : alkalis, combustible materials, reducing materials, Urea reacts with calcium hypochlorite or sodium hypochlorite to form the explosive nitrogen trichloride., organic materials, Acids

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
potassium nitrate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)				
	OECD 403 LD50 Oral	Rat	890 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	> 5.32 mg/l	4 h
	OECD 402 LD50 Dermal	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.
disodium octaborate tetrahydrate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,550 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	OECD 403 LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	> 5 mg/l	4 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
potassium nitrate				
	OECD 404 Skin	Rabbit	Non-irritating.	

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Eyes** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Sensitization

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aspiration hazard**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure****Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.
- Effects on or via lactation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other effects** : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
YaraVita CROPLIFT	68,472.1 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)	890 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	2,550 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Section 12. Ecological information****Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
potassium nitrate	OECD 203 Acute LC50 Fresh water	Fish	> 100 mg/l	96 h
	Acute EC50 Fresh water	Daphnia	490 mg/l	48 h
	Acute EC50 Marine water	Algae	> 1,700 mg/l	240 h
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)	OECD 203	Fish	555 mg/l	96 h

	Acute LC50			
	OECD 202 Acute EC50	Daphnia	100.9 mg/l	48 h
disodium octaborate tetrahydrate				
	Acute LC50	Fish	350 mg/l	96 h
	Acute EC50	Daphnia	2,530 mg/l	48 h
	Acute LC10 Fresh water	Algae	115 mg/l	96 h

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Persistence/degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']cuprate(2-)	< 0	Not applicable.	low
disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	-0.757	Not applicable.	low

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled

material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

- : Transport within user's premises: Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

- Proper shipping name** : Not listed.
- Remarks** : **Solid bulk cargoes**  
Harmful to the marine environment with regard to MARPOL Annex V: No

## Section 15. Regulatory information

- HSNO Approval Number** : HSR002571
- HSNO Group Standard** : Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard)
- HSNO Classification** : TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1

- Country information** : **SCHEDULE 1 (CONDITIONS OF GROUP STANDARD) of the Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006.** Any location at which a substance is manufactured or stored in quantities that exceed those set out in the Standards' Tables 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 must comply with the corresponding conditions as set out in the Standards' clauses 6, 7 and 8.

### Inventory list

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory (CSCL):** All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Australia inventory (AIIIC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**EC INVENTORY (EINECS/ELINCS):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada:** All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- bw = Body weight
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- SUSMP - Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

**Key data sources** :

- EU REACH ECHA/IUCLID5 CSR.
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare, Reports and Memoranda Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.
- Sphera Solutions Inc., 4777 Levy Street, St Laurent, Quebec HAR 2P9, Canada.
- HSNO Chemical Classification and Information database (CCID), New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC),

### History

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**Version** : 5.0

**Prepared by** : Product Stewardship and Compliance (PSC).

|| Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.